

Goals and Aspirations

Designing a map for success

A one-hour, interactive workshop that will motivate your students by encouraging them to clarify their academic, personal and professional aspirations. Your students will break those down into short-term goals, identify who might help them, recognise obstacles they might face and finally commit to beginning the journey by taking action today.

RATIONALE

The setting of educational goals in academia ensures learners have an unequivocal understanding of what is expected, which in turn aids concentration on the attainment of their goals (Hattie & Timperly, 2007). Reis and McCoach (2000) suggest that specific characteristics are commonly associated with academic underachievement. These include low motivation, low selfregulation, and low goal valuation. For children, selfregulation and motivation are affected by perceived goal and achievement values. When a goal is valued, children are more likely to engage in, expend more effort on, and perform better on the task.

Further research by McCoach and Siegle (2003) found that valuing a goal was a necessary prerequisite to one's motivation to self-regulate and to achieve in a scholastic environment. Additionally, students' beliefs in their efficacy for self-regulated learning influenced the academic goals they set for themselves and their final academic achievement (Zimmerman, 2008).

Goal setting is critical to success. Goals give us direction by focusing attention on relevant behaviour and away from irrelevant tasks.

Zimmerman, Bandura, & Martinez-Pons (1992)

OBJECTIVES

- To clarify academic, personal and professional aspirations.
- To set achievable goals.
- To decide on actions to take to achieve said goals.
- To build resilience in overcoming obstacles and setbacks.
- To build confidence in the ability to progress.

SKILLS taught and their **BENEFITS**

Clarifying aspirations is a critical starting point for determining in which direction we want our efforts to move us in. Our aspirations are closely linked to our values, so having a clear understanding of what you want enables us to live a meaningful and successful life.

Goal setting is an essential component for growth and development in our students for several reasons: It personalises the learning process based on their needs. It creates intention and motivation that empowers students. It establishes accountability to shift responsibility to students.

Identifying obstacles and distractions can help us to reduce anxiety, become more productive and feel more prepared to deal with challenges as they arise.

Action planning is an approach which helps to generate and then focus ideas and tasks and then decide what steps you need to take to achieve your goals.

Identifying those that can help to achieve your goals is a great way for students to realise that they don't have to do this alone. Discussing things with a friend, parent or teacher, enables us to maintain momentum and apply useful advice.

"Students taking part in MAPE workshops had a Higher Education application rate ZZ percentage points higher than a matched control group - a statistically significant difference".

Survey from 499 students taking part in MADE Workshops, conducted by Make Happen Essex, part of the National Collaborative Outreach Programme.

OUTCOMES

By the end of the workshop, your students will have:

- Clarified their aspirations and ambitions.
- Set realistic and achievable goals.
- Created an action plan.
- Identified obstacles and potential setbacks.
- Identified specific people to ask for help and advice.
- Been inspired and motivated to begin taking action

GATSBY Benchmarks: 3,5,8 NERUPI Framework: Choose, Become, Understand PSHE Core: Living in the wider world

Statutory Guidance, Curriculum and Frameworks